

Outsourcing

International trade & Management Seminar 2016

In cooperation with PERSIS MIND EXPLORER

Tehran, October 20th. 2016

Adel Sadek



Personal data:

- Adel Sadek, B.Sc. Mechanical engineering 1996
- Work experiences:
 - **MAN B&W (MAN Diesel)**
 - Design engineer – Medium bore diesel engines.
 - **Nokia**
 - Test system designer
 - Responsible for the test equipment design & implementation.
 - Test & Final assembly specialist
 - Responsible for the Final assembly line design & implementation
 - Mechanics Sourcing Manager
 - Responsible for capacity calculation, supply chain management & prices.
 - **FOSS Analytical Devices A/S**
 - Project Sourcing team manager
 - Team leader for all new products implementation, supply chain & cost management.
 - **GN Hearing**
 - Sourcing project manager
 - NPI business cases & cost management
 - Sustaining projects & cost optimization

The need for Purchasing & Sourcing:

- **Purchasing:**

- Medium & small size companies, which don't have production capacity or organization.
- Clear market target to ensure a fast sale, and various product segments.
- “Short life products” – “One time show” This might be the option for these companies.
- No responsibilities for any main or sub process. Neither quality control process.

- **Sourcing:**

- All type of companies with existing R&D organizations.
- Companies whom has need for sub or main production outside their own facilities.
- Having main or shared responsibilities for design, quality and final product specifications.
- Ownership for documentation & Change management.

Sourcing >< Purchasing:

- Sourcing understanding and the different from purchasing
- **Purchasing:**
 - To buy a final product without having influence on the production process
 - No ownership for the design process
 - Limited monitor of the sub process quality problems
 - Limited access to the product documentation.
 - Limited knowledge for the product.
 - Have a final price only.
- **Sourcing:**
 - To buy process to finalize/produce a certain defined product or sub-assembly
 - Having clear or shared ownership of the design (joint R&D)
 - Having shared responsibilities of the design process.
 - Having shared responsibilities of the quality problems & corrective action.
 - Having ownership of the documentation – Ability to production to other locations/suppliers.
 - Can do the final approval of the product, before shipping to customer
 - Having a cost break down with all sub-processes & material prices.

Outsourcing process:

- **Product definition:**

- Ensure to have the product specification.
- All needed data sheet for parts are available.
- Material selection been defined.
- Documentation/drawings are approved & available.

- **Supplier scanning:**

- Production location & facilities
- Define the need at supplier:
 - Production processes
 - Material availability
 - Quality control processes
 - Supply chain & logistic
- Common understanding for the quality level needed.

Outsourcing process:

- **Documentation approval**

- The documentation to be approved by suppliers.
- Ensure to discuss the processes & lead time.

- **Change management process**

- Agree with the suppliers about the change process, and defined a clear Roles & Responsibilities.
- Ensure all changes been documented and implemented correctly.

- **Approve the final product for the ramp up.**

- Documentation are approved and implemented.
- All specified material & processes are available & correctly followed.

- **Continues improvement.**

- This is to be agreed on, according to an expected target and MFR (Manufacturing failure rate).

Working culture & Discrepancies between China & India

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Why China ...

- Open mind to learn & follow processes
- Technical experiences
- Great infrastructure
- Production facilities
- Low labor cost.....(???)
- Material availability
- E2E Supply chain possibilities

Why “NOT” India...

- Covering ONLY local market don't gives the right knowledge
- Technical experiences is limited, due to many financial restrictions
- Missing/bad infrastructure
- Production facilities
- Low labor cost.....(???)
- Material availability is pretty bad. Need to import almost everything
- E2E Supply chain possibilities is limited due to lack of quality understanding & experience.
- Taxes and many other financial lows